Question 1

Eight thousand lottery tickets are sold for \$5 each.

One ticket will win 2,000, two tickets will win 750 each, and five tickets will win 100 each.

Part 1: Let X denote the net gain from the purchase of a randomly selected ticket. Construct the probability distribution of X.

Solution

Easy to get the pdf of X

$$p(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{8000}, & x = 2000 - 5 = 1995\\ \frac{2}{8000}, & x = 750 - 5 = 745\\ \frac{5}{8000}, & x = 100 - 5 = 95\\ \frac{8000 - 1 - 2 - 5}{8000} = \frac{7992}{8000}, & x = 0 - 5 = -5 \end{cases}$$

Answer

$$p(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{8\,000}, & x = 1\,995\\ \frac{2}{8\,000}, & x = 745\\ \frac{5}{8\,000}, & x = 95\\ \frac{7\,992}{8000}, & x = -5 \end{cases}$$

Part 2: Compute the expected value μ of X and integret its meaning.

Solution

As given, easy to get

$$\mu = 1\,995p(1\,995) + 745p(745) + 95p(95) + -5p(-5)$$
$$= \frac{399}{1\,600} + \frac{149}{800} + \frac{19}{320} - \frac{999}{200}$$
$$= -\frac{9}{2}$$

Answer

$$\mu = -\frac{9}{2}$$

Part 3: Compute the standard deviation σ of X.

Solution

Easy to get

$$\begin{split} \sigma &= \sqrt{-\mu^2 + \mathbb{E} \left[X^2 \right]} \\ &= \sqrt{-\mu^2 + (1\,995^2 p(1\,995) + 745^2 p(745) + 95^2 p(95) + (-5)^2 p(-5))} \\ &= \sqrt{-\frac{81}{4} + \left(\frac{398\,0025 + 111\,0050 + 45\,125 + 199\,800}{8\,000} \right)} \\ &= \sqrt{\frac{5\,173}{8}} \\ &\approx 25.429 \end{split}$$

Answer

$$\sigma = \sqrt{\frac{5\,173}{8}} \approx 25.429$$